

CORRECTION

Open Access



Correction: Genetic variants in myostatin and its receptors promote elite athlete status

Agata Leońska-Duniec^{1,2}, Małgorzata Borczyk³, Michał Korostyński³, Myosotis Massidda², Ewelina Maculewicz^{4*} and Paweł Cięższyk¹

Correction: *BMC Genomics* 24, 761 (2023)
<https://doi.org/10.1186/s12864-023-09869-2>

Following publication of the original article [1], it was reported that Ewelina Maculewicz was erroneously assigned affiliation 1. The original article has been updated with the accurate affiliations listed.

Published online: 03 January 2024

References

1. Leońska-Duniec A, Borczyk M, Korostyński M, et al. Genetic variants in myostatin and its receptors promote elite athlete status. *BMC Genomics*. 2023;24:761. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12864-023-09869-2>.

Publisher's Note

Springer Nature remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.

The online version of the original article can be found at <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12864-023-09869-2>.

*Correspondence:

Ewelina Maculewicz
ewelina.maculewicz@awf.edu.pl

¹Faculty of Physical Education, Gdansk University of Physical Education and Sport, 80-336 Gdansk, Poland

²Department of Medical Sciences and Public Health, University of Cagliari, 09124 Cagliari, Italy

³Laboratory of Pharmacogenomics, Department of Molecular Neuropharmacology, Maj Institute of Pharmacology, Polish Academy of Sciences, 31-343 Cracow, Poland

⁴Faculty of Physical Education, Jozef Pilsudski University of Physical Education in Warsaw, 00-809 Warsaw, Poland



© The Author(s) 2024. **Open Access** This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons licence, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article's Creative Commons licence, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article's Creative Commons licence and your intended use is not permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this licence, visit <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>. The Creative Commons Public Domain Dedication waiver (<http://creativecommons.org/publicdomain/zero/1.0/>) applies to the data made available in this article, unless otherwise stated in a credit line to the data.